

Makes Stubborn Coughs Vanish in a Hurry

Surprisingly Good Cough Syrup
Easily and Cheaply
Made at Home

If some one in your family has an obstinate cough or a bad throat or chest cold that has been hanging on and refuses to yield to treatment, get from any drug store 2½ ounces of Pinex and make it into a pint of cough syrup, and watch that cough vanish.

Pour the 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth) into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. The total cost is about 51 cents, and gives you a full pint—a family supply—of a most effective remedy, at a saving of 82¢. A day's use will usually overcome a hard cough. Easily prepared in 5 minutes—full directions with Pinex. Keeps perfectly and has a pleasant taste. Children like it.

It's really remarkable how promptly and easily it loosens the hoarse, tight cough and heals the inflamed membranes in a painful cough. It also stops the formation of phlegm in the throat and bronchial tubes, thus ending the persistent loose cough. A splendid remedy for bronchitis, winter coughs, bronchial asthma and whooping cough.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, rich in guaiacol, which is so healing to the membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex," and do not accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction goes with this preparation or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Topics of the Home and Household.

It is a good idea to have two sets of extra strings for babies' caps; attach them by safety pins and it is an easy matter to freshen up the bonnet.—Dallas Morning News.

In washing dishcloths, instead of using soap or borax, put a quantity of soda in the water and boil them. The grease and soda make a soap that does its own work and cloths smell sweet.—The Citizen, Ottawa.

To clean children's white kid topped shoes, rub them with a cloth dipped in milk and then lather with a good white soap. Rub in well and set in the air to dry. This softens as well as cleanses the kid.

Aluminum dishes that have food badly stuck on are much easier cleaned with something wooden, such as a clothespin, than with a knife. The wooden scraper does the work and doesn't scrape off bits of metal, thereby prolonging the wear of the kettle.

If you want to remove labels which are pasted on pillow slips or any other article which you want to use before washing, place a wet cloth on the wrong side and place a hot iron on it for a few seconds, or hold over the steam coming from the spout of the tea kettle. It will come off readily.

In darning on the machine (it does not make any difference what the piece may be) tablecloths, napkins, socks, stockings, or anything that has a hole in it, take the foot of the machine off and run the stitches all the way across the hole just as you do by hand, then across the other way, just as you would if done by hand, only it is done so much neater. Use an embroidery hoop to hold the goods firm and even, put it over the hole, and slide under the foot of machine. Whatever color the material is, use the same color of thread.

Window Curtains.
It is never a mistake to select neat lawn, serim, net, muslin or linen for window curtains. They should come to the sill and may be any length, hanging from the top, from the middle sash, a quarter from the top—anywhere deemed best. They are always next to the glass. If the casing is very narrow the rod on which they are hung should be placed below the brackets for the shades, so that the shades can be pulled over a ruffle above.

They may hang straight, as at easements always, or they may be held in place at the bottom by a similar rod, as on French windows.

Dorothy Dexter.

DIAZ ARMY ON THE MARCH.

Part of His 30,000 Men Already on Way to Mexico City. It Is Reported.

New York, March 2.—General Felix Diaz sailed from New Orleans on Feb. 18 for Tuxpan, a Gulf of Mexico port in the oil country, on a vessel owned by him, according to information to the New York Herald. He is said to have landed at Tuxpan Feb. 25 and joined a force waiting for him in the interior, marching to Tierra Colorado ranch, and from there to Oaxaca headquarters.

Diaz has opened communications with the United States and France by way of Guatemala. The Herald says. A close personal friend in this city is named as authority for the statement that Diaz has 30,000 men under arms and that part of them are moving against Mexico City, while another force is within striking distance of Jalisco, Vera Cruz.

YES—IT IS POSSIBLE TO STOP RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is a tormenting and stubborn malady. In some cases it yields to treatment which is without avail in other cases.

The darting pains, lame muscles or stiffened joints only disappear by gradually expelling the uric acid, and so many thousands have been relieved by the blood-enriching oil-food in Scott's Emulsion that you should give it a faithful trial. Scott's Emulsion acts as a powerful blood-purifier by increasing the red corpuscles and it strengthens the organs to carry off the acids which cause the trouble. It cannot harm. Try Scott's Emulsion. It cannot harm. It has helped thousands and may be exactly what you need. No Alcohol. Scott & Bown, Bloomfield, N.J. 15-29 Judge.

MAY DECLINE NOMINATION

If Congress Does Not Support President on Foreign Policy

WILSON WON'T ACCEPT COMPROMISE

Demands Test Vote on Resolution Warning Americans Not to Travel

Washington, March 2.—President Wilson's demand that Congress take action on the McLenore resolution warning Americans against traveling on belligerent armed ships is so distasteful to the leaders of last week's rebellion against the administration that a move was made yesterday to frame a compromise measure.

The president is not prepared to accept any compromise. He wants the McLenore resolution disposed of in the House and the Gore resolution disposed of in the Senate.

The compromise resolution that the leaders desire to act upon would be in effect no more than a vote of confidence on the president's foreign policy.

"Congress made this mess, and Congress has got to clean it up. I want action on the original resolution."

These are the words attributed to the president by one of the Democratic leaders with whom he conferred yesterday.

There is no doubt here that the move made by the president is a portent of big political and international developments. It is conceivable that the Democrats in Congress should fail to reject the McLenore resolution which is supported by a majority sentiment in the House nevertheless, if they want the leadership of President Wilson in the coming campaign.

Politicians who credit the president with absolute sincerity in his declaration that he will accept a renomination only in response to public opinion declare that if Congress should put through a resolution taking foreign affairs out of his hands he would decline a renomination.

Before the president demanded action by Congress administration advisers had made certain by a poll that if a vote on McLenore's resolution was forced the resolution would be defeated.

When the McLenore resolution is rejected, the president is expected to send a short, direct indication to Berlin as to the unsatisfactoriness of the last Von Bernstorff memorandum. This intention is subject to modification only if the so-called British secret orders show intention on the part of England to violate international law in directing her merchantmen to take the aggressive against submarines. An abrupt close to negotiations with Berlin is to be expected if Congress rejects the McLenore resolution, and if the British secret orders do not amount to what the Berlin government has claimed.

The state department had no new intelligence yesterday as to when the British secret orders may be expected to arrive, and the belief is growing that the diplomatic mail pouch from Ambassador Gerard containing these "orders" was intercepted by the British authorities.

A meeting of the House foreign affairs committee was scheduled for late yesterday, when it was expected that discussion would center on a form of a compromise resolution, which the Democrats not support without conceding too much to the president and which would not preclude future action to keep Americans off armed ships if a crisis with Germany should develop.

The president went into conference at 9 o'clock yesterday morning with Chairman Stone of the Senate foreign relations committee, Senator Kern, majority leader of the Senate, and Chairman Flood of the House foreign affairs committee. That conference lasted nearly an hour.

Chairman Flood of the House foreign affairs committee made the following statement:

"President Wilson's hands will be supported by Congress. Even men who believe that a resolution should pass Congress calling on Americans to stay off armed ships during the present stage of the European war will not put themselves in the position of repudiating the position assumed by President Wilson, which, he says, is made necessary to maintain the nation's honor.

"The House foreign affairs committee will prepare a resolution today endorsing the president's position. It will be rethen to a special rule which will permit its immediate consideration. I am certain that such a resolution will be passed."

RAPID PROGRESS.

In Preparing Legislation to Advance National Defense.

Washington, March 2.—National defense legislation has made such rapid progress in committee that it was predicted yesterday the army part of the preparedness program would be before the House and Senate next week.

The House military committee began yesterday its final review of the measure tentatively agreed upon. The final committee vote will be taken to-day, but it will require several days for Chairman Hays to prepare a report to accompany the bill.

By agreeing to insert only a general provision for federalizing the National Guard in its regular army organization bill, leaving the task of putting this legislation in final shape to a joint conference committee, the Senate military committee has made it possible to bring the measure out next week.

Didn't Extend Himself.

May—So you had all the men following you at that summer resort? Maude—Yes. It was really too easy. Why, my three most extreme hatlings would I didn't have to wear at all—Judge.

Resinol Surely Heals Sick Skins

When you know physicians have prescribed Resinol for over 20 years in the treatment of eczema and other itching, burning, unsightly skin eruptions, and have written thousands of reports saying: "It is my regular prescription for itching." Resinol has produced brilliant results. "The result it gave was marvelous in one of the worst cases of eczema," etc., doesn't it make you feel, "This is the treatment I can rely on for MY skin-trouble?"

When Resinol Ointment touches itching skins, the itching usually stops and healing begins. With the aid of Resinol Soap, it almost always clears away eczema, ringworm, pimples, or other distressing eruptions, leaving the skin clear and healthy. Sold by all druggists.

Use Resinol Soap regularly and you will be astonished to find how quickly it soothes and cleanses the pores, and leaves the complexion clear and fresh.

SIEGEL IS FREED ON \$25,000 BAIL

Was Rearrested as He Stepped from Prison at End of Term Yesterday.

Rochester, N. Y., March 2.—Henry Siegel of New York, who was convicted in Genesee on Nov. 23, 1914, of obtaining credit on false statements and accepting deposits as a banker when he knew he was insolvent, and sentenced to a term of 10 months in Monroe county penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$1,000, completed his term yesterday morning.

At the moment of his release Siegel was rearrested on a warrant sent here by the district attorney of Livingston county.

Siegel, accompanied by his attorney, Dallas C. Newton of Genesee, was arraigned before Supreme Court Justice Benton in chambers. Bail was fixed at \$25,000, which was furnished, and Siegel departed for Genesee, where he said he would remain for some time. Siegel said he had several opportunities to enter business to "earn money to pay back his creditors."

It is a question whether the 13 remaining indictments against Siegel will ever be tried.

"TRADE BECOMING NORMAL"

Department of Commerce Issues Export and Import Report.

Washington, March 2.—American trade again is taking its normal direction, the department of commerce report said yesterday. Although war supplies keep up their phenomenal figures, lumber, naval stores and agricultural implements are gaining. Biggest exports for 1915 were: Breadstuffs, \$527,000,000; cotton, \$417,000,000; iron and steel, \$388,000,000; meats, \$250,000,000; explosives, \$181,000,000. The total exports for 1915 were \$3,486,000,000, compared with \$2,071,000,000 for 1914.

Although total imports in 1914 were greater than in 1915, the month of December showed \$171,800,000, against \$114,700,000 for 1914. This, says the report, indicates another approach to normal trade conditions.

PHILIPPINE BILL REPORTED TO HOUSE

Measure Providing for Independence Within Four Years Has Already Passed Senate.

Washington, March 2.—The Philippine bill, including the Clark amendment, as passed by the Senate providing for independence any time between two and four years in the president's discretion, was favorably reported to the House yesterday by the House insular affairs committee by a vote of 11 to 8.

ULTIMATUM IS SENT PORTUGAL

Berlin Gives Forty-eight Hours to Restore Seized German Ships, London Hears.

London, March 2.—Germany has sent an ultimatum to Portugal demanding the restoration within forty-eight hours of the German ships recently seized by that country, according to a dispatch from Madrid to Reuters Telegram company.

FOOD RIOT IN MADRID.

Bakers Strike on Account of High Price of Flour.

London, March 2.—A Reuters dispatch from Madrid says that a strike of bakers in that city on account of the high price of flour has developed into a general strike and brought trade to a standstill. Riots have occurred and several persons have been injured in conflicts with the police. Disturbances assumed a more serious form in the suburbs, where there was not sufficient police force to cope with the situation. The mayor of Madrid has resigned as a consequence of the trouble.

See Yourself As You Should Look

Free from facial blemishes and with a clear, soft, pearly-white appearance that will be the envy of your friends.

Gouraud's Oriental Cream

does this for you instantly. Its effect is so subtle that its use cannot be detected. Non-greasy—68 cents in use.

Send 10c. for trial size.

F. T. HOPKINS & SON, New York

BELL-ANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END A COLD OR CATARRH

How To Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappears. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear, and you can breathe freely. No more sniffling, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache; no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed up and miserable. Relief is sure.—Adv.

URGES NATION TO RE-ELECT WILSON

New York Democratic Convention Gives the President a Strong Indorsement.

Syracuse, N. Y., March 2.—The platform prepared for adoption by the Democratic state convention here yesterday, contains strong indorsement of President Wilson and recommendation for his nomination.

"We heartily endorse Woodrow Wilson as president who has caused to be fulfilled the promises of his party," the platform begins. "He has asserted the rights of our citizens and preserved the honor and dignity of our country, and we believe that the best interests of all the people demand his continuance in his high office."

The platform then discusses the following subjects in this order: Banking and currency, tariff reform, "America first," Mexico, and preparedness. It concludes: "With these views of achievement of present conditions and of future possibilities, we unhesitatingly recommend the re-nomination of Woodrow Wilson for president of the United States as the best assurance of the maintenance of the principles upon which our government was founded, of future business prosperity, of peace—peace with the fullest protection of the rights of American citizens and of the honest dignity of our country, and with ample preparedness to protect and enforce those rights and that honor both at home and abroad."

GERMANS WITH FORT PLANS ARE HELD

Two Young Men Claiming to Be Army Lieutenants are Arrested and Arraigned in New York.

New York, March 2.—Plans of United States fortifications have been found in possession of Richard von Arend and Rudolph von Kracht, two young Germans arraigned here yesterday on a charge of using the mails to defraud, according to a statement yesterday by Assistant United States District Attorney F. W. McDonald.

The men claim, according to the federal authorities, to be German army lieutenants. It is said by postoffice inspectors that they had conducted a systematic begging campaign through the mails, asking for help on the ground that they were destitute German army officers.

Von Arend and von Kracht were held in \$5,000 bail each for a hearing Saturday. They said they were penniless and were remained in the custody of the United States marshal. They also said they were graduates of the University of Berlin and had been in this country five years. They denied ever having had any plans of the United States forts and said the only things answering such a description that they owned were pictures sent them from Germany by relatives in that country.

ASKS A COMPLETE 'BACKDOWN' BY HOUSE

Admission That the Armed Merchantmen Controversy Is Outside Its Province Provided by New Measure.

Washington, D. C., March 2.—House leaders yesterday drafted for consideration of the House a measure proposing that Congress express its confidence in the president's handling of the armed merchantmen controversy and recognized that it is not a matter of legislative, but of executive concern. "The president positively did not ask for such a resolution," said Mr. Flood, speaking of the new proposal.

BODIES CARRIED 100 MILES.

Verdun Dead Borne on Flooded Meuse Through Belgium.

The Hague, March 2.—From the Verdun battlefield in northern France, scores of bodies of French and German soldiers are being swept into the North sea by the swollen waters of the river Meuse. Dinant in Belgium, 100 miles northwest of the Verdun woods, reported yesterday that many bodies, some of them badly mangled, floated through the city Tuesday on a swift current toward the sea. Morbid crowds gathered along the river bank until they were dispersed by German soldiers.

TANK SHIP CALLS FOR AID.

The San Onofre of London, Helpless Off Halifax.

Halifax, N. S., March 2.—The British steamship San Onofre, helpless in the Atlantic, sent out wireless calls for assistance yesterday.

The San Onofre is a tank vessel of 9,717 tons and is owned by the Eagle Oil Transport company. She hails from London, but has recently been to South America.

COLORADO STRIKERS NOT GUILTY.

Four Miners Acquitted of Charge of Killing Major Lester, April 29, 1914.

Castle Rock, Col., March 2.—A verdict of not guilty was returned by a jury Tuesday night in the case of four former striking coal miners charged with murder in connection with the killing April 29, 1914, of Major P. P. Lester, of the Colorado National Guard during the coal strike disorders near Walsenburg, Col. The jury deliberated two and one-half hours.

BRITAIN FOR HIGH TARIFF?

War Is Swinging the Nation Toward Protection

COUNCIL URGES BANKS ABROAD

To Build Wall Against German Trade in Russia and South America

London, March 2.—That important changes are impending in the government's fiscal and commercial policy is the deduction the London morning papers drew from Chancellor McKenna's speech at the Commercial congress Tuesday. The Standard remarks that the position of most of the members of Parliament relative to free trade and kindred questions has been altered and broadened by the lessons of the war. "The whole atmosphere of the House of Commons," says The Standard, "is slowly changing. Tariffs, subsidies and preferential duties are no longer shunned by the Liberal party. It is expected that Mr. McKenna, before presenting the budget, will give Parliament some concrete examples of the application of his new policy for the development of foreign trade. He has consulted with experts and has also a sound, well-defined plan. Moreover, he does not intend to wait for the end of the war before putting into effect policies designed to assure that Germany shall never regain her lost markets. A wall against German overseas trade will be built while the military issues of the war are still being fought. The government intends that instead of Germany being able to flood the world's markets after the war she shall find no markets to flood. Mr. McKenna's policy will be a policy of anti-inflation and development."

The British Association of Chambers of Commerce resumed its session yesterday and adopted a number of important resolutions on banking and shipping.

American activities in both these fields were urged as one of the main factors which necessitate energetic British action.

The banking resolution first introduced was somewhat critical of the banks, but Sir Edward Holden, who recently visited the United States with Lord Reading's commission, turned the tide in a stirring speech favorable to the banks. He declared the banks were providing resources to carry on the war and at the same time finance British industries and also maintain a huge reserve for the national safety.

Sir Edward warned commercial men to prepare to assist in spreading British banking and industry to Russia and South America and take advantage of the opportunities now opening. A vast organization, he said, recently had been established in the United States with a capital of \$50,000,000, designed to carry American trade throughout the world.

"We must do the same things," he declared, "and do it quickly. We should have a system of British banks throughout South America, particularly in the Argentine and in Brazil and throughout Russia and other allied countries. Our government should wake up and take a governmental interest in this question."

Delegate A. L. Hobson of Sheffield said the American organization was founded to get control of Argentine trade and had extended beyond that. He urged prompt steps by the British to meet American efforts to secure South American trade.

The main discussion, however, was for a British organization which would overcome German foreign competition. The resolution finally adopted declared:

"The government should facilitate the establishment of a large credit bank for the purpose of developing British trade abroad."

NO RUSH OF RECRUITS ON THE LAST DAY OF ENLISTMENT

England Rather Expected Single Men to Crowd Stations to Escape Compulsion—Too Many Exemptions, Lloyd George Says.

London, March 2.—Yesterday, the last day for the voluntary enlistment in the British army of single men, showed a steady flow of recruits at the recruiting depots but no rush to enroll at the last moment such as had been expected. It was clearly apparent that there was a considerable number of men still outside who would come under the act compulsorily to-day.

That the government is far from satisfied with the result of the compulsory act so far is seen in the reply of David Lloyd George, minister of munitions, made in the House of Commons yesterday when he said that the number of exemptions granted under the tribunal system was causing the government much anxiety. Steps were being taken, he added, to revise the lists of starved and banded men and to materially reduce the number of reserved occupations.

ORANGE.

Grange meeting will be held as usual on Friday night of this week. In place of the program arranged and printed yesterday, a lecture on prohibition by Rev. E. F. Newell of Barre will be delivered.

Allescock PLASTERS The World's Greatest External Remedy. Coughs and Colds in chest and throat (between shoulder blades). Weak Chests, Any Local Pain. Instant Relief. Having ALLESCKOCK'S.



VICTOR COFFEE

"For A Change; Why Don't You Try VICTOR COFFEE"

(The leading brand of the oldest coffee house in America.)

Always good. Never varies. Delights most particular tastes. Very economical, requiring less to make a cup than ordinary coffees.

A CLEAN COFFEE, clean in production and sale. Every precaution for health and sanitary conditions rigidly maintained. Never sold in bulk or bags. Always in 1 lb. sealed air and dirt proof canisters. 35 cents each—

SHAPLEIGH COFFEE CO., Est. 1796. Importers and Roasters. Boston.

FOR SALE BY BARRE CROCKERY & COLD STORAGE CO. and Dealers Generally

Will Cheer Up Any Breakfast Table.

DRILLING WELLS.

"Forewarned, Forearmed" Applies Well to the Business.

"Forewarned, forearmed" applies to oil-well drilling as much as to weather predictions. As the cost of putting down a well is great, drilling should preferably not be undertaken in a new region until a careful geologic examination of the surface has been made and the most favorable area determined. The geologist cannot tell from a study of the surface alone whether or not oil occurs beneath the surface, but he can designate areas in which it is extremely unlikely that oil may occur and other areas in which the structure is favorable to the accumulation of oil. The United States Geological Survey has just published a report on the Cuyama valley, Cal., which lies about 100 miles northwest of Los Angeles, between the very productive Sunset oil field on the northeast and the Santa Maria field on the southwest. The report, which is based on field work done in 1914, describes the geologic formations and structure in detail, points out the possible sources of oil and the conditions unfavorable to its accumulation, and gives all the evidence for the conclusion that the chance for the development of a commercially successful oil field in Cuyama valley is poor. It is possible that small pools may be found in a few areas, and these areas are pointed out. Two wildcat wells had been drilled before the field was examined by the survey geologist, W. A. English, who has written the report. This report may be obtained free by applying to the director of the U. S. Geological Survey, Washington, D. C., for a copy of bulletin 621-M.

More Jokers in the Perry Act

In section 1 of the Perry act, fermented cider is declared to be an intoxicating liquor.

In section 2 of the same act, the manufacture and sale of this intoxicating liquor is permitted by law, in any quantity.

This is the opinion of good lawyers, and it was openly expressed by Mr. Stephen E. Royce of St. Albans in a public speech last week.

Here is the language covering the hard cider clause of the Perry act:

"This act shall not apply . . . to the sale of fermented cider by the barrel or cask of not less than 32 liquid gallons capacity."

Note that nothing is said about the barrel or cask being full. It does not say "32 liquid gallons contents." It merely says the cask must be so large.

WHAT IS TO PREVENT A MAN BUYING A 32-GALLON CASK, WITH A GALLON OR HALF A GALLON OF HARD CIDER AT THE BOTTOM?

If he brings the cask back, why can't he repeat the experiment every little while and all the time keep a small supply of hard cider on hand?

THE LITTLE FLASK AND THE BIG DRUNK

Under section 13 of the Perry act, an officer must search your grip or bag or suit-case, your auto, buggy, or carriage, if he has reason to believe you have a half-pint flask of whiskey secreted therein.

It does not say he may, but that he must. Read it:

"Section 13. If an officer has reason to believe and does believe that intoxicating liquor is kept or concealed in any conveyance or baggage being conveyed along any highway, he shall search the same without a warrant."

On the other hand, note the beautiful exception: "This act shall not apply to the furnishing of such liquor by a person in his private dwelling, unless such place becomes a place of public resort."

What is a private dwelling? Is it a hotel bed-room? Is it a rented room in a lodging-house? Is it a kitchen dive?

Apart from the fact that the search and seizure clause is undoubtedly unconstitutional, look at the moral effect:

An article in the St. Albans Messenger says:

"You issue invitations to a poker party at your house, call in a half dozen good friends, spread before them 20 kinds of beer, rum, whiskey, gin and general perdition; get them all drunk as lords, pack them off home at 4 o'clock in the morning in a hack, after inviting the driver in and getting him loaded."

"You console yourself by reading over again the Perry law, which explicitly provides that all this may be done lawfully and with every moral support and uplift" which the Perry law recognizes.

"When you get sober, you wonder which was really the greater offense, carrying a little flask in your bag for your personal use, or the act results of the poker party, authorized and flatly encouraged by the Perry law?"

What is the use of taking chances with such a crazy law? Why not let well enough alone?

How to Vote for Local Option on the Yellow Ballot

Shall an act of the General Assembly of 1915, entitled "An Act to Prohibit the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors," become a law May 1, 1916?

YES ☐ NO ☒

The voter shall make a cross (X) against the answer he desires to give.

Cut out this coupon and take it to the polls.

THE VERM